UNIT-1

a) Meaning and scope of Anthropology
b) History of Anthropology
c) Branches of Anthropology: Social-Cultural, Biological, Archaeological, and Linguistic

UNIT-2

Relationship between Anthropology and other disciplines
a) Life Sciences b) Earth Sciences c) Medical Sciences d) Social Sciences
e) Environmental Sciences and f) Humanities

UNIT-3

Fundamentals in Biological Anthropology

a) Human Evolution
b) Human Variation
c) Human Genetics
d) Human Growth and Development

UNIT-4

Fundamentals in Social-Cultural Anthropology

a) Culture, Society, Community, Group, and Institution
b) Basic Human Institutions: Family, Marriage, Kinship
c) Development and Change in Human Society and Culture

UNIT-5

Fundamentals in Archaeological Anthropology and Linguistic Anthropology

a) Prehistoric Cultures
b) Chronology, Technology, and Tool Typology
UNIT-6

a) Economic Organisation: Modes of Production, Distribution and Consumption in Simple Societies
b) Law and Political Organisation: Concept of law in simple societies, stateless political systems

UNIT-7

a) Religion and Magic: Theories of origin of religion (animism, animatism, totemism)
b) Religion and Magic: Functionaries of religion and magic in simple societies (Shaman, Priest, Witch and Sorcerer)

UNIT-8

a) Social and Cultural Change: Diffusion and Innovation
b) Social and Cultural Change: Acculturation and Cultural lag
c) Planned change in human society

UNIT-9

a) Man’s place in the animal kingdom
b) Order of primate
c) Comparative anatomy of apes and man

UNIT-10

a) Salient features of anthropological research: Bio-cultural, synchronic, diachronic, comparative and holistic
b) Salient features of anthropological research: Field Work, participant-observation, use of native language, rapport establishment, use of key-informants